

Topic Name: French (Pets)

Learning outcome:

The children will learn how to repeat, recognise and attempt to spell the eight nouns (including the correct article for each) for pets in French. In practising these nouns, they will be able to tell somebody in French if they have or do not have a pet, as well as ask somebody else. To finish the unit, the children will create longer phrases regarding the pets they own using the connectives et and mais. All of this will support them in creating a presentation about their pets.

Hook Animal guessing game (including song).	Topic Showcase (e.g. display, museum, performance, presentation)
	Pets' presentation
Oracy:	Key Vocabulary:
The children will recite French words and phrases in front of each other as part of the general structure of each lesson.	j'ai, avoir, qui s'appelle, connectives, et, mais, un, une, as-tu un animal?, un chien, un chat, un lapin, un oiseau, un hamster, un poisson rouge, une tortue, une souris, je n'ai pas d'.

Key Texts (whole class reading/end of the day book/Talk for Writing Texts etc.):

Under review

Citizenship/Community Opportunities:

(Focus – change in attitude/increase knowledge and awareness/make a difference)

The children will have an awareness of other cultures and languages and be able to compare these to their own.



Experiences/Visits/Visitors

Main Subjects covered:

French

Read fluently

This concept involves recognising key vocabulary and phrases.

Write imaginatively

This concept involves using key vocabulary and phrases to write ideas.

Speak confidently

This concept involves using key vocabulary and phrases to verbally communicate ideas.

Understand the culture of the countries in which the language is spoken

This concept involves the background knowledge and cultural capital needed to infer meaning from interaction.

Notes:

This learning will centre around the children producing extended responses. There will be opportunities to practise listening, speaking, reading and writing skills; however, the unit will predominantly foster the children's speaking skills.

Lesson title and learning Intention	Threshold concepts (success criteria)	Milestones (success criteria)	Lesson structure/differentiation
1. To learn the	Write imaginatively	Use dictionaries or	The children will be
eight nouns	This concept involves using key	glossaries to check	informed of the aim of this
and matching	vocabulary and phrases to	words.	unit. After this, the children
gender articles	write ideas.		will guess in English what



for the different		Convey meaning	the eight animals might be
pets.	Read fluently	(although there may be	in French. They will then be
	This concept involves	some mistakes, the	properly introduced to
	recognising key vocabulary	meaning can be	eight new words for pets.
	and phrases.	understood with little or	The children will play a
		no difficulty).	game of pets picture bingo
			as a class to consolidate
			this learning. They will then
		Show confidence in	draw pets labelled in
		reading aloud, and in	French and English.
		using reference	
		materials.	
2. To use 'J'ai'	Write imaginatively	Refer to recent	The children will be
plus a pet	This concept involves using key	experiences or future	introduced to how to use
along with a	vocabulary and phrases to	plans, as well as to	"J'ai" ("I have") to say
connective (et)	write ideas.	everyday activities.	which pet they have so
when talking	Const. and Calcult		they can answer the target
about pets.	Speak confidently	Convey meaning	question "As-tu an
	This concept involves using key	(although there may be	animal?" ("Do you have a
	vocabulary and phrases to	some mistakes, the	pet?") using a short
	verbally communicate ideas.	meaning can be	sentence in French. The
		understood with little or	children will learn a French
		no difficulty).	pets song to help
			consolidate their learning.



		Take part in conversations to seek and give information. Refer to recent experiences of future plans, everyday activities and interests.	Finally, they will translate responses to 'do you have a pet?'.
3. To learn the structure qui s'appelle" ("that is called").	Write imaginatively This concept involves using key vocabulary and phrases to write ideas. Speak confidently This concept involves using key vocabulary and phrases to verbally communicate ideas.	Write short texts on familiar topics. Use knowledge of grammar to enhance or change the meaning of phrases. Refer to recent experiences or future plans, as well as to everyday activities. Take part in conversations to seek and give information.	The children will be introduced to the aim of the lesson which will enable us to say what our pet is called. The children will practise using the structure required to introduce the name of their pet qui s'appelle The children will walk around the room and find a new peer tell in French the pet they have and its name. They will then be given information about different people and using



4. To learn how to use the negative structure je n'ai pas de / d'"	Write imaginatively This concept involves using key vocabulary and phrases to write ideas. Speak confidently This concept involves using key vocabulary and phrases to verbally communicate ideas.	Be understood with little or no difficulty. Write short texts on familiar topics. Use knowledge of grammar to enhance or change the meaning of phrases. Vary language and produce extended responses.	the information they will write what pet they have and what it is called. The children will begin the lesson by recapping the French pet's song. The children will then be introduced to the negative structure "je n'ai pas de / d'" to enable them to say what pet they do not have. They will practise saying and writing this in the lesson. They will then choose a pet for one another to write that they
5. To learn how to	Write imaginatively	Use knowledge of	do not have.
link their	Write imaginatively This concept involves using key	Use knowledge of grammar to enhance or	The children will be introduced to the
language	vocabulary and phrases to	change the meaning of	connective word "mais"
together using	write ideas.	phrases.	("but") to enable them to
the connective			say what pet they have
"mais" ("but").	Speak confidently		and what it is called "but"
	This concept involves using key		also what pet they do not



	vocabulary and phrases to verbally communicate ideas.	Include imaginative and adventurous word choices. Convey meaning (although there may be some mistakes, the meaning can be understood with little or no difficulty). Understand the main points and opinions in spoken passages. Give a short prepared talk that includes opinions.	have. Time will spent practising saying this to one another. The children will then prepare for a pet's presentation in which they explain which pets they do and don't have. They will be given a word bank to aid them containing the words they have learnt over this unit. A planning sheet will be provided to aid the children in preparing. The children will then present to the class.
6. To revise all language covered so far when presenting	Read fluently This concept involves recognising key vocabulary and phrases.	Show confidence in reading aloud, and in using reference materials.	ALL language from the unit will be revised today as the children complete their assessment tasks.



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		Give a short prepared	d
		talk that includes opinions.	
		Vary language and produce extended	
		responses.	
		Be understood with lit	ttle
		or no difficulty.	