

Learning outcome: Brief description of key takeaways: Recognise that environments can change and that this can sometime	es pose dangers to living things.
Hook: A governor letter proposing that a playground be built to replace the wild/pond area.	Topic Showcase (e.g. display, museum, performance, presentation)Children created an animal that could survive a range of habitats using their knowledge on the animals looked at in the topic.
Oracy: Children to articulate in a debate style, why they think the playground should/shouldn't be built instead of the wild/pond area.	Key Vocabulary: Environment, change, living thing, danger, adapt, threat, climate, greenhouse, thermometer, test, carbon dioxide, results, graph, table, impact, positive and negative.
Key Texts (whole class reading/end of the day book/To Links to previous texts – The Great Kapok Tree Unusual Adaptations To Habitats Online on Insider website Dolphins in the River Mersey – News Report The Brilliant Deep: Rebuilding The World's Coral Reefs by Kate Messner	Ilk for Writing Texts etc.)



	ty Opportunities: titude/increase knowledge and a e impact humans have on environments an		-
Experiences/Visits/Visitor School grounds walk	5		
Main Subjects covered: Science			
Subject 1 Threshold conc Science - Understand a This concept involves bea Notes:		nimals, humans and the life prod	cesses they share.
Lesson title and learning Intention	Threshold concepts (success criteria)	Milestones (success criteria)	Lesson structure/differentiation
 "Our Environment" To consider how the local 	Understand animals and humans This concept involves becoming	 Identify differences similarities or changes related to simple, 	 Look at the PowerPoint showing different animal



		 Recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to specific habitats. 	keeping the wild/pond area.
2. "Other Changes." Investigate how the greenhouse effect works. Use the results to discuss how people are causing climate change.	Understand animals and humans This concept involves becoming familiar with different types of animals, humans and the life processes they share.	 Identify differences similarities or changes related to simple, scientific ideas and processes. Identify how animals and plants are suited to and adapt to their environment in different ways. Recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to specific habitats. 	 Think about regular changes such as tides and seasons. Consider if the changes are natural or man-made. Design a living thing that could withstand a huge range of changes to their environment. Begin to think about some big changes such as climate change.
3. "Climate Change." Use a simple enquiry to demonstrate the effect of a greenhouse and relate this to climate change.	Understand animals and humans This concept involves becoming familiar with different types of animals, humans and the life processes they share.	 Use straightforward, scientific evidence to answer questions or to support their findings. Make accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, 	 Discuss the impact on climate change and the causes. Talk through what the children already know and what they want to know. Conduct an experiment that highlights what the 'greenhouse effect' is using



	 and data loggers. Gather, record, e R classify and present 	hermometers, glass jars and graph paper. Record temperatures over time and record on a table and a graph.
 4. "Help our Habitat." Plan positive changes to a local environment and use evidence to answer questions about why they are making the changes. Understand animals and humans This concept involves becoming familiar with different types of animals, humans and the life processes they share. 	 Identify differences similarities or changes related to simple, scientific ideas and processes. Use straightforward, scientific evidence to answer questions or to support their findings. Ask relevant questions. Recognise that environments can 	Work in a group to plan how to make positive changes to a small area in school. Discuss and consider the people who may use the area and think about how they might use it. Consider the other living things, including bees and hedgehogs, who may use the area when planning.



change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to specific habitats.	 Draw a detailed, labelled plan of how children would change a local environment for the better. Children are encouraged to recycle and use natural materials in their plans.
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